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Company name: Hitachi Cable, Ltd.
Representative: Norio Sato, President
Listings: First Section, Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.
First Section, Osaka Securities Exchange Co., Ltd.
Code Number: 5812
Contact: Masaaki Tomiyama ,
Deputy Group-Executive,
Human Resources & Administration Group
Tel. +81-3-6381-1050

**Revision to forecast of business results for the first half of the fiscal year,
ending September 2006**

The projected consolidated and non-consolidated business performance figures for the first half of the fiscal year, ending September 2006 (April 1 – September 30, 2006), as announced in “Consolidated Business Results for First Quarter of Fiscal 2007, Ending March 31, 2007” issued July 28, 2006 have been revised as described below.

1. Revised forecast of business results for the first half of the fiscal year, ending September 2006 (April 1 – September 30, 2006)

(1) Consolidated

	Unit	Sales	Ordinary income	Net income (loss)
Previous forecast (A) (Announced July 28, 2006)	Millions of yen	235,000	5,000	2,100
Revised forecast (B)	Millions of yen	252,000	9,000	4,000
Increase/decrease (B)-(A)	Millions of yen	17,000	4,000	1,900
Percent increase/decrease	%	7.2	80.0	90.5
Reference: Results for first half of previous fiscal year, ending September 2005	Millions of yen	190,994	3,427	1,072

(2) Non-consolidated

	Unit	Sales	Ordinary income	Net income (loss)
Previous forecast (A) (Announced July 28, 2006)	Millions of yen	145,000	2,500	800
Revised forecast (B)	Millions of yen	154,000	5,000	2,000
Increase/decrease (B)-(A)	Millions of yen	9,000	2,500	1,200
Percent increase/decrease	%	6.2	100.0	150.0
Reference: Results for first half of previous fiscal year, ending September 2005	Millions of yen	120,072	1,918	1,404

2. Reasons for this revision to forecasts of business results

Hitachi Cable now expects both consolidated and non-consolidated sales figures for the first half of the fiscal year, ending September 2006, to exceed initial forecasts, due to factors including upward pressure on sale prices for products including wires, cables, and rolled copper products resulting from rising copper prices and booming demand in the wires and cables field.

With regard to income, expectations are that both consolidated and non-consolidated ordinary income figures will exceed initial forecasts, due to a range of factors. These factors include a concentration of shipments to telecommunications carriers in the first half of the fiscal year in the Information Network Solutions Div., an end-of-term valuation profit on inventory assets (due to the rapid rise in copper prices from the end of the previous fiscal year through the end of the first half of this fiscal year), a reduction in past losses (as increases in copper prices were passed on to sales prices in the wires and cables sector), and high demand for wires and cables. As a result, net income figures are also expected to exceed initial forecasts.

3. Full-year forecasts of business results

With regard to both consolidated and non-consolidated forecasts of business results for the full-year period of fiscal 2007 (April 1, 2006 - March 31, 2007), calculations for forecasts are currently underway, taking into account factors such as the higher-than-expected concentration of shipments in the first half of the fiscal year in Information Network

Solutions and other divisions, with a close eye to the evolving business environment. The full-year forecasts of business results will be announced when the Consolidated Financial Report for the First Half of the Fiscal Year and the Non-Consolidated Financial Report for the First Half of the Fiscal Year are announced (planned for October 30, 2006).

Note:

With the exception of actual performance figures, the performance forecasts and other figures above have been calculated based on certain assumptions judged by management to be valid at the time this document was prepared. Actual business performance and other figures may vary from these projections.

Major causes of such variation include:

- Economic circumstances in major markets (particularly Japan, the United States, and Asia)
- Rapid technological changes
- The ability of the Company and members of its Group Companies to develop new products and technologies, to bring these to market in a timely manner, and to achieve low-cost production
- Fluctuations in product markets and in the circumstances of such markets
- Fluctuations in exchange rates

- Fluctuations in the financing environment

- The ability of the Company and members of its Group Companies to respond to factors such as fluctuations in product supply and demand, circumstances of product markets, and exchange rates

- Protection of the Company's patents and ensuring access to use of other companies' patents
- Cooperation with other companies in product development and other activities

- Fluctuations in Japanese stock prices